



## DAILY CONFEDERATE

THE LADY'S HOME JOURNAL

BREVITIES

To the Editors—A full report of the decision of the Supreme Court is furnished to THE CONFEDERATE by the Reporter of the Court.

To the Editors—We do not need anonymous letters and communiques. The name and address of the writer are indispensable. Rejected communiques we can not undertake either to return or preserve.

GENERAL TRAVELING AGENTS: T. M. ACTON. J. W. ANDERSON.

ATLANTA:

Friday Morning, June 19, 1874.

BREVITIES.

—Galorius crop—gal babies—Gold closed in New York at 11a 11-14.

—Cotton closed in New York at 17 8a 18 14; in Liverpool at 8 14.

—A great many babies born last week named Jones.

—The brevier editor of brevities is brief and brilliant to-day, the effect of champagne and the banquet.

—The shoemakers of New Orleans have taken steps toward organizing co-operative efforts in their own peculiar line.

—A chief engineer in the American navy receives \$3,000 per annum, while the pay in the British navy for similar services is \$1,100.

—You will be pretty well photographed, telegraphed, telephoned, and roared, and be heartily sick of her trait before the last Maudy in December.

—A French paper claims that not only is Prince Louis Napoleon at liberty to travel in France, but that he is bound to return in two days to do military service.

—It may be consoling to know that Father Secchi, the Italian astronomer, has discovered that the temperature of the sun's surface is 800,000 degrees Fahrenheit.

—A saucy young widow West said to a clerical friend who asked her, condescendingly, how long her "lamented" had been dead: "Lay in the honeymoon of my widowhood."

—Beecher recently asked an Irish woman, an applicant for membership in his church: "Were you brought up in the church?" "No, sir, I was brought up about four miles from it."

—The Chinese in California are being converted to Christianity. At a recent prayer meeting in San Francisco, a hundred were present, and were very devout.

—The Alamo Sentinel states that a firm in Dyer County, Tenn., shipped a hundred and twenty-eight crates of strawberries from three acres of vines, which brought them about a thousand dollars. That is better than raising cotton.

—It is likely now that all the valuable Federal and Confederate official records of the Civil War, which are in the possession of the government at Washington, will be published in full under Congressional authority.

—One of the members of the Georgia Press, who had never been on a lightning train before, on the excursion to Rome yesterday was asked his opinion of railroads. He replied: "Well, it did seem kind to me as if it were a streak of lightning running through the mountains."

—It is rumored in Washington that President Grant and Senator Sumner have buried the hatchet. It is said that Senator Jones acted as mediator, and the agreement of feeling on the currency question was the bond of sympathy between the persons concerned.

—The Treasury Department decides this point, not excepting from the date under the provisions of the act of June 6, 1873, for "fruits" are held to be dutiable at the rate of one cent per pound under the special provision thereof contained in the seventh section of the act of June 30, 1864.

—An individual lately committed suicide in a Parisian hotel. His headless body was found in his room, with a letter containing the following, befittingly written: "I was bored, and I have killed myself. Let no one accuse of my death. Do not look for my head; I have hidden it myself, in order not to be recognized."

—A distinguished speaker at the British settlement in Richmond, Virginia, that only covers the state of Virginia, was shot after a lady, and that was the Elizabeth, so called on account of its being all mouth. The ladies, however, were amply revenged upon him, it being discovered that the speaker was a married man and the father of six children, all daughters.

—In the case of Joyce vs. the State, tried and found guilty of murder in the Madison Circuit Court, and sentenced to eight years in the penitentiary, a new trial was awarded by the Supreme Court of Tennessee for the manner in which the trial of the accused was conducted, of what is termed "a gambling" verdict. Each juror paid down the number of years he was for imprisonment, and the sum was divided by twelve and the result was eight; and this fact was disclosed by the testimony of the jurors.

—Supreme Court decisions will be found on the following page.

—There is to be some prospect of the passage of the Atlanta Custom House appropriation.

—The length of the Supreme Court decisions and Mr. Hill's letter leaves no room for editorial. This page speaks for itself, being ever full of new matter.

—BLAINE.

—AUGUSTA, Ga., June 18.—Blaine has been nominated.

—The Burnside Ballot.

—PROJECTS: June 18.—Two ballots, Burnside gained one vote.

—The Pilgrims.

—ROMA, June 18.—The American Pilgrims have scattered from Rome for rest and recreation. Some of them have gone to Venice and others to the mountains in North Italy.

—Base Ball.

—NEW YORK, June 18.—Base ball to-day—Chicago 13; Mutuals 38. Stone and Cuthbert of the Chicago club were not allowed by the manager of the White Stockings to play, suspicion being entertained that they had been engaged in matches in Philadelphia. The play of the White Stockings to-day was poor throughout the game.

—NEW YORK.

—Police Shoot a Bystander—Stabbing Affray.

—NEW YORK, June 18.—Early this morning a crowd of rowdies attempted to rescue a prisoner from office, Gallatin, when the latter shot Andrew White, one of the crowd, fatally wounding him.

—During a drunken fight this morning Thomas Goss stabbed Charles Sheridan, the son of a well-known attorney, and killed him. Goss was severely wounded.

—During an alteration last night Daniel McDermott was stabbed eight times by Mathew O'Neil. The wounds are fatal.

—Our interview commenced. He said the Governor had called an extra session

MR. H. M. STEPHENS, JR.,  
REPLY TO THE EDITOR.

The Letter, March 14, 1874.

Another Chapter of Confederate History.

A NEW HISTORY

ATLANTA, GA., June 16th, 1874.

Editor, CONFEDERATE:

Absence and indecision have delayed this letter.

My three first letters have been confined to the subject of the Southern Confederacy.

Stephen's "Confederacy" is now in the hands of the too many in the United States.

The year 1864 was pregnant with the fate of the Confederacy, but with the fate

of America determined in America.

The Presidential election of 1860.

The Northern people declared for a sectional policy in a national administration.

This produced secession and war.

The whole year 1864 was pregnant with the war.

The year 1864 was pregnant with the fate

of the Confederacy.

The year 1864 was pregnant with the fate

of the South.

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